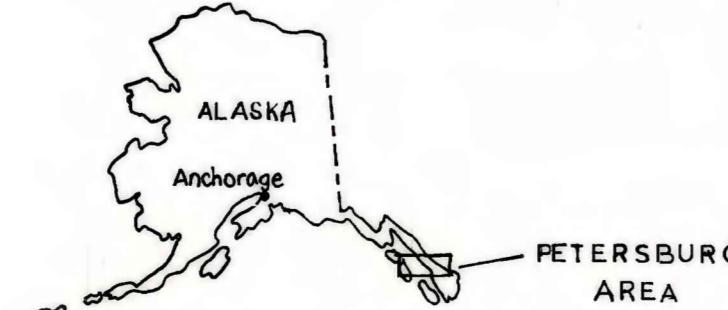
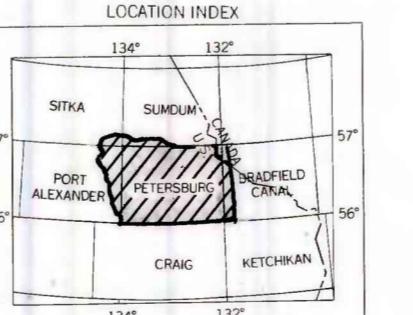


Base from U.S. Geological Survey Petersburg, 1960;
Bradfield Canal, 1985; Sundum, 1961, 1971; Port
Alexander, 1951, 1977; Sitka, 1951, 1970



SCALE 1:250,000
CONTOUR INTERVAL 200 FEET IN THE UNITED STATES AND 250 FEET IN CANADA
DUE TO MEAN SEA LEVEL



This report is preliminary and has not been
reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological
Survey editorial standards.

EXPLANATION
SAMPLE SITES--Letters are explained on table 1.

Anomalous site--sample locality at which the concentration is considered to deviate from the upper limit of normal background values, as determined by inspection of histograms, percentiles, and enrichment relative to crustal abundance.

A Concentration

NOTE

This map is one of a series of geochemical maps concerning the Petersburg area, southeast Alaska. For discussion of sample description, collection methods, media selection, sample preparation, statistical data, and analytical techniques, see Cathrall and others (1983)

REFERENCE

Cathrall, J. B., Day, G. W., Hoffman, J. D., and McDanal, S. K., 1983, A listing and statistical summary of analytical results for pebbles, stream sediments, and heavy-mineral concentrates from stream sediment, Petersburg area, southeast Alaska: U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 83-420-A.

Table 1.--Molybdenum in 1449 minus-80-mesh stream sediment samples, Petersburg area, southeast Alaska.

[Concentrations in parts per million; <, detected, but less than value shown. Arithmetic mean, 8.4; standard deviation, 5.5; geometric mean, 7.4; and geometric deviation, 1.6, based on unqualified values within the sample population.]

Concentration	Map symbol	Frequency	Percentile
50	A	1	100
30	B	4	99.93
20	C	1	99.65
15	D	29	99.59
10	F	41	97.58
7	H	29	94.76
5	J	104	92.75
<5	K	108	85.58
N5	X	1132	78.12
			0.00

DISTRIBUTION AND ABUNDANCE OF MOLYBDENUM, DETERMINED BY SPECTROGRAPHIC ANALYSIS, IN THE MINUS-80-MESH FRACTION OF STREAM SEDIMENTS, PETERSBURG AREA, SOUTHEAST ALASKA

By

John B. Cathrall, Gordon W. Day, James D. Hoffman,
and Steven K. McDanal

1983